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## African standards will rise

When he opened a R.\$370 000 community development project near Essexvale in Matabeleland, Mr. Ian Smith appealed to community leaders to bear in mind that though at present they were leaders at community level there was a greater objective.

"You can make a contribution to leading the country at the national level," he said.

"This is the greatest privilege anybody could have: to be able to do something for your country, Rhodesia, and to help your Government.

"I hope you will always keep this as your objective."

The Prime Minister said the determination to raise the standard of African people to that of the Europeans was inherent in "your Government's philosophy".

"There are people who try to get Africans to believe that the present Government does not represent them, but only represents a section of the people: the Europeans.

"This is mischievous talk.

"The only way we will ever progress and prosper is if we work together for the benefit of our country, and you must do this through your Government.

"You are leaders chosen to come here and learn. I hope when you go back you will never go along with those who claim to be leaders, but who suggest that the way to advance the interests of the African is to lower the standards of the Africans.

"This is deceitful talk.

"To lower standards could only be wrong. I hope that if anybody suggests this to you, you will put him in his place.

"It could only mean bringing Africans along as second class citizens. This is not what we want."



**Fresh fruit for road builders in tribal areas**

Oranges and cigarettes for Ministry of Roads personnel working in the disturbed north-eastern border area are loaded on to a truck leaving for units working in the area. The fruit and cigarettes were bought with money collected in offices of the Ministry of Roads and Road Traffic when women staff of the Ministry realized that troop comfort funds did not cater for civilians working in the same areas as the Security Forces.

## Worthwhile young men not deterred

"You are probably not looking forward to national service and its hard training," the Minister of Defence, Mr. Jack Howman, told school-leavers at Mount Pleasant, Salisbury. "In fact, you are, perhaps, a little apprehensive. But let me say you will gain invaluable experience from it.

"It is not easy and it is not meant to be easy. There may be, in fact there probably will be, dangers. But this does not deter any worthwhile young man," said the Minister. "It has been said that a man cannot really decide about religion until he has been bloody frightened, and there is a great deal of truth in this statement."

Mr. Howman said they would return as first-class servicemen who can hold their own with any in the world. "What is more, you will be endowed with the makings of a first-class citizen."



# Tide is turning against the terrorists

Terrorists infiltrating the northern borders have failed dismally in achieving their prime objective, the Commander of the Army, Lt.-Gen. G. P. Walls, told the annual convention of the Rhodesian Command M.O.T.H. held in Wankie.

"They have come short—to use the troops' expression, and have been forced to switch to a policy of intimidation and fear.

"I won't understate the horror of this, particularly to the farmer, be he white or black, who lives in the shadow of it and who stands to suffer directly from the thuggery and murderous tactics of the so-called freedom fighters.

"Many good Rhodesians have died or been maimed because they stood for genuine freedom, but by this policy the terrorists are slowly but surely destroying any alleged cause they claim as theirs," Genl. Walls said.

## Terror tactics

He said the terror tactics had, inevitably, led to information coming to the Security Forces faster and in more detail.

"As a Rhodesian I grieve with my fellows for those who have died and who will die in the days ahead, but as Commander of the Army I watch with satisfaction the slow turn of the previously uncommitted

tribesmen against the terrorists, who cannot thrive without their support," the General said.

"I admire and respect the men, women and children who have risked their lives and property, their everything, to help us. Unarmed tribesmen, defenceless women, and often children, have become the main target . . .

## Capture by villagers

"Murders of village heads and teachers, savage beatings, rape and theft of life savings, occurs from time to time. But in numerous cases, villagers have been responsible for the capture and killing of terrorists, often protecting spoor for the security forces, after sending children many miles through the bush for help," General Walls said.

General Walls said the Security Forces were "on top of the terrorist menace", in the context that the forces have contained the threat and were now on the way to eradicating the menace.

"But we have many more military successes to achieve and Government administrative measures to implement before it will be possible for Rhodesians everywhere, and especially in certain areas, to live their lives peacefully and without fear."



Lt.-Gen. Walls

The Army Commander praised the African chiefs, other branches of the security forces, Government Ministries, the farmers and others living in the forward areas and his own Regular, Reserve and Territorial Army forces.

## Help from chiefs

The chiefs, he said, of their own accord, and with a new spirit of determination to intervene, had already taken steps to help Security Force operations and had asked spontaneously to assist further.

Touching on the call-up system, the General said that it had had a marked effect on commerce and industry and on the lives of individuals and their families.

"No one is more conscious than I of the serious and irksome strain which the call-up places on the country, and on Rhodesians in all walks of life."

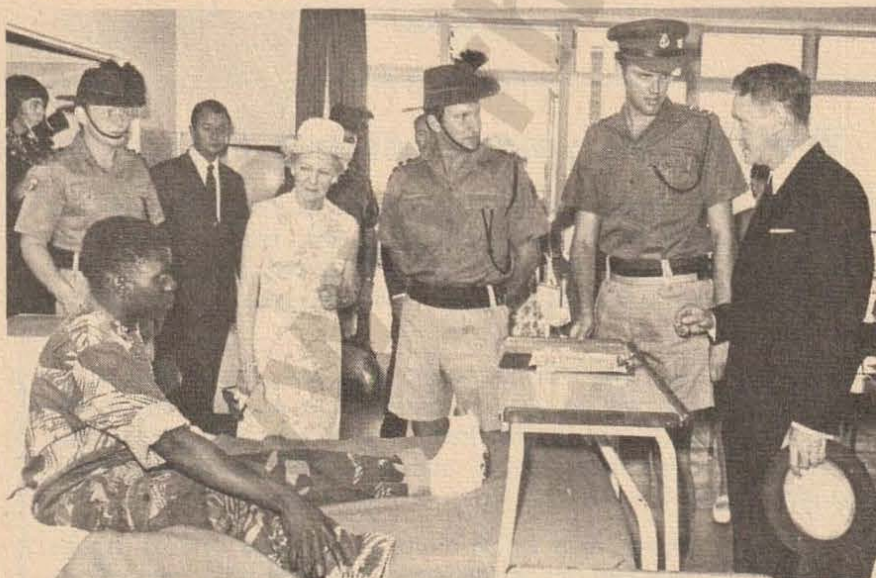
"The sooner we can attain the objective of only calling up people once a year, the better it will be for all concerned," he said.

## Military quality

On the brighter side, General Walls said that never before in its history had Rhodesia possessed such a level of well-trained and up-to-date security forces, deployed or in reserve.

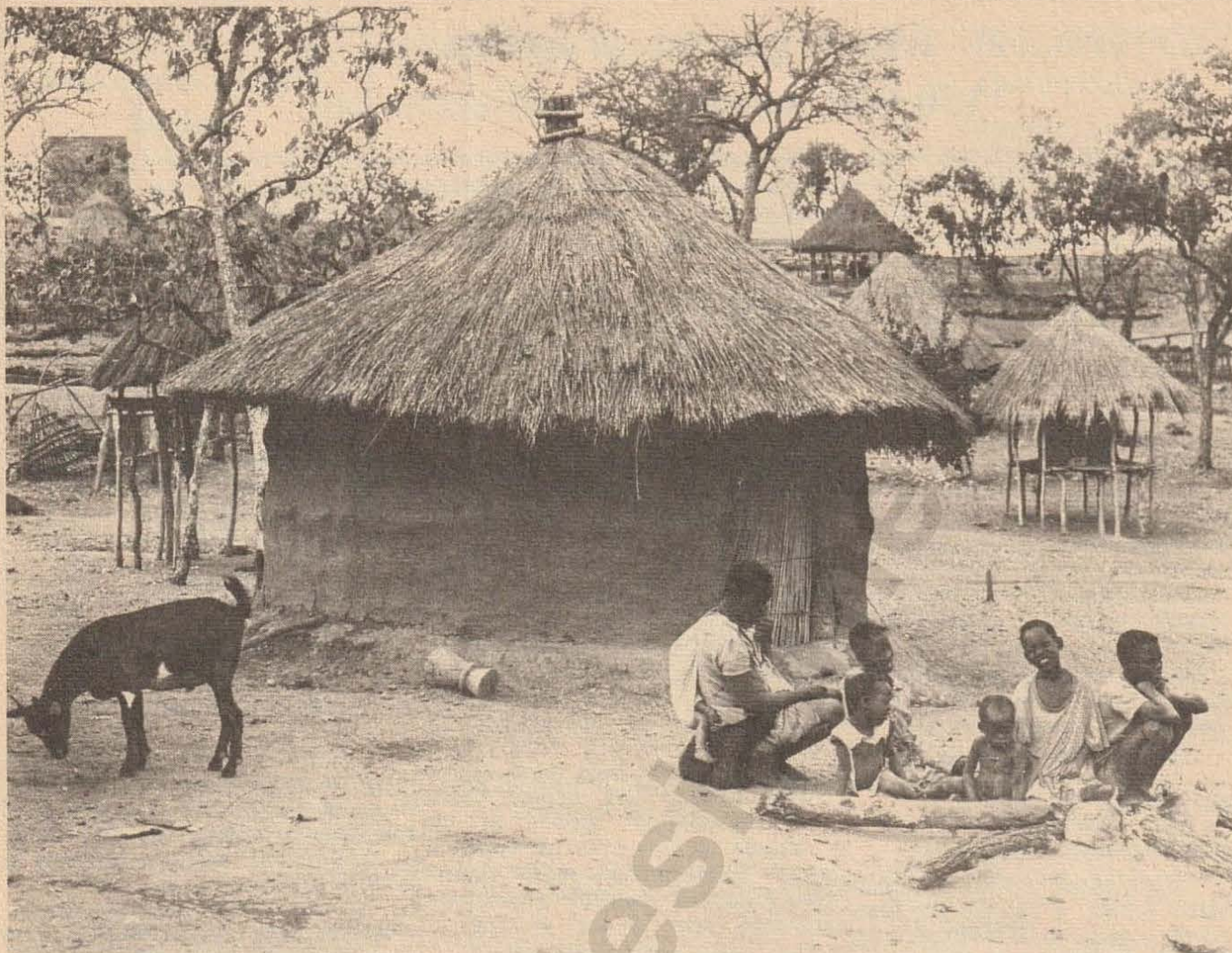
"We still need adequate time for conventional war training, but the terrorists have given our Territorial Force and Reserve units experience and practice in military skills in a way that would never have been possible under normal circumstances.

(Continued on next page)



The Prime Minister, Mr. Ian Smith, and Mrs. Janet Smith during a visit to a military hospital in Bulawayo to chat with wounded soldiers.





## Army Commander's Review

(Continued from previous page)

The Commander prefaced his address with an appeal to ex-servicemen at the convention to "start counting the score of what has gone right; the good things that have happened or have come from the anti-terrorist campaign".

### National pride

"Let us take stock of the good as well as the bad," he said.

"Why don't we encourage our latent national pride?"

He called on the members to give a lead to the Rhodesian public in thinking positively and adopting a constantly optimistic attitude "towards our present troubles".

"I'm not pretending that we have no troubles. I'm not asking you to believe that the campaign is over—far from it. We have a long way to go before we restore completely law and order and the authority of the people of Rhodesia throughout our land."

A scene of quiet family life in an African village. It is against these peace-loving people that the terrorists can strike mercilessly when opportunity offers.

## Bovine luxury

It's a good life for about 4 500 head of cattle at Cold Storage Commission feed-lots in several parts of the country.

They have been saved from drought-stricken grazing land as part of the C.S.C. support price and feed facility scheme.

They live lives of bovine luxury and by the time they are ready for market they will have doubled their carcass weight.

**Winning exports:** The Bulawayo firm of O. Conolly and Co. has won a big export order for vibrating feeders for a diamond mine against competition from European suppliers.

## Call-up cops are "bright bunch"

Nine university degrees, a couple of dozen A levels and scores of O and M level passes . . . no wonder the first intake of B.S.A. Police national servicemen is being dubbed "the bright bunch".

*Outpost*, the police magazine, suggested they must be one of the brightest post-war intakes. And the verdict of their senior officers is the same.

"I think they are first-class quality. They should be an asset to any station. They have maturity and intelligence," said Chief Superintendent G. B. Dunn, Deputy Commandant of Salisbury's Morris Training Depot.

The respect is mutual. The well-educated, call-up cops have a high opinion of the force. As far as possible, their qualifications will be used in their duties.



## Government points way to providing 150 000 houses

An additional 150 000 houses will be required in the next 10 years to meet the needs of 1.5m. Africans relying for their livelihood on the urban areas said the Minister of Local Government and Housing, Mr. William Irvine, in his address to industrialists and City Councillors in Salisbury.

The occasion marked the completion of the Glen Norah township specifically designed to allow employers to buy a 40-year lease for houses costing from R.\$600 to R.\$800.

The overall response from commerce and industry had been poor, said Mr. Irvine.

"The housing of Africans in the urban areas remains the biggest single problem of the municipalities and my Ministry. Even in the smaller towns and in the rural councils, there are great difficulties."

He was trying to find additional funds to ensure that a high rate of building was achieved quickly.

"This must be sustained for as long as it is needed to overcome the problem," he said.

### Private enterprise

If the situation was to be rationalized within a reasonable time, private enterprise, he believed, must provide capital to a far greater extent than in the past.

Mr. Irvine said his Ministry was presently working on plans to get the finance houses involved to a greater

degree than before.

Because of a discrepancy in the housing shortage estimates, his Ministry is to ask local authorities to carry out a survey on a country-wide basis in order to find the true figure. In the meantime, building would continue as fast as possible.

### In tribal areas

Mr. Irvine said the next township to be built to serve Salisbury should have provision for at least 50 000 houses. Because of this factor, the decision had been made to site it in Seki Tribal Trust Land.

He said this would have the effect of carrying out the Government's undertaking to encourage the development of the Tribal Trust Lands. A team from the Salisbury City Council had already begun investigating all aspects of the scheme and he said he hoped a start would be made on the project in a "matter of months rather than years".

**The African, an agriculturist at heart, is quick to create a vegetable garden as is seen here at Glen Norah.**



## African tradesmen praised

The Minister of Local Government and Housing praised the part played by Africans in the building of Glen Norah African township and said its success had been largely one of co-operation.

"Without the hard work of the African tradesman and other workers, nothing could have been achieved. It is important that we recognize this contribution for I believe they have a more significant part to play in the construction of their own homes in the future," he said.

## Occupational health recommendations

Authorities must be made more aware of the importance of occupational health, said a University of Rhodesia lecturer, Dr. John Stoke, at a public health conference in Fort Victoria.

He made five recommendations:

Adequate training facilities must be provided for those working in this field. And the worker must understand the hazards of his job.

Health of workmen must come under central government supervision.

The Factories Act must be brought up to date, particularly with reference to maximum toxic levels at work.

There must be a system such as the industrial hygiene units in America or the employers' medical advisory service as in Britain. No such units existed in Rhodesia and such monitoring as was carried out was performed by Rhodesia Railways—which led the field in occupational health.

Properly qualified people must be obtained to run occupational health services.

Dr. Stoke concluded by saying: "History shows that we must not wait for occupational health services to be tagged on to curative health services."

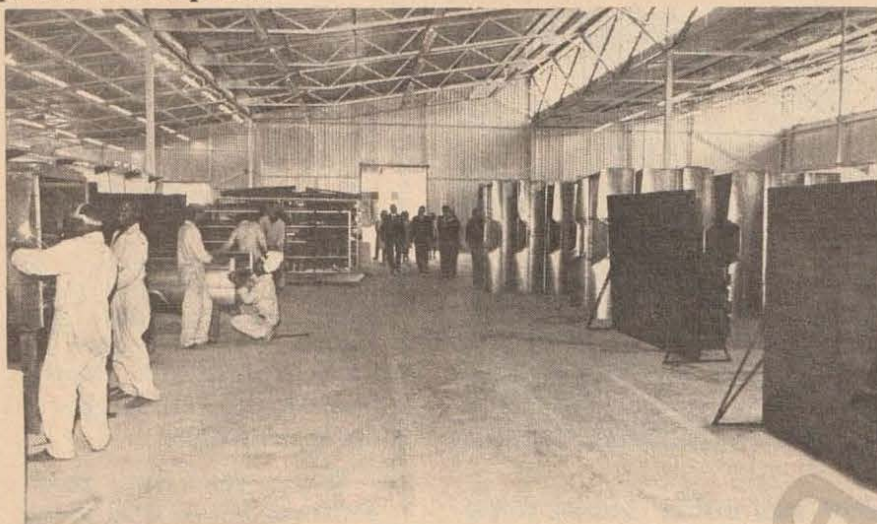
### FROM THE SCRIPTURES

Luke 6:v. 31—*As you would that men should do to you, do you also to them likewise.*



## "Have a go" challenge to young industrialists

Mr. Jack Mussett, Minister of Commerce and Industry, opened at Salisbury a new R.\$250 000 industrial complex for Modern Engineers, part of the Tobacco Auctions Holdings Ltd. group. This factory involves the investment by the TA group of over R.\$2m. in an expansion programme planned in three phases.



Tobacco Auctions had travelled a long way over the last five years, said the Minister. From a background almost exclusively in tobacco, the group has developed into what was now one of the largest Rhodesian-owned companies in the country, with interests in such diverse fields as business equipment, the motor trade, road transport, finance and television.

"It is small wonder that it looks to the future with an eye on manufacturing. This firm's development is an example of the tenacity and forward looking approach that has symbolized industrial and commercial success in Rhodesia over the past 10 years.

### Young people

"It really is amazing how many new processes and new manufacturing firms do get started in Rhodesia, despite all the difficulties of import allocations and project approval which face aspiring industrialists today.

"Yet, to hear some people talk, you would think that any enterprising young man who tried to start his own industrial firm would come up against a solid brick wall surrounding the all-important resources of foreign exchange.

"That was certainly the impression given by the newspaper reports of a speech made recently at a similar occasion to this.

### A glimpse of one of the spacious wings of the new factory.

"I hope that the rather gloomy picture of Rhodesian industrialists growing steadily older, less enterprising and more decrepit because of the lack of new blood, which was given by this newspaper report does not deter enterprising young men — or women — from 'having a go'.

### Amazing success

"As I said, it is amazing how many new enterprises succeed. Some get started with locally made plant and local raw materials, but others are able to satisfy even the very stringent criteria for new industrial projects which we have had to introduce."

Mr. Mussett concluded: "I and my officials, are always open to constructive criticism and suggestions as to how our unfortunate, but necessary, control system can be improved.

"We are not complacent about it, even though, looking at the developments which have taken place in Rhodesian industry, we don't seem to have done too badly. Not many developing countries have made such strides in so short a time as has Rhodesia, progress which has given us manufacturers of a very high standard of quality."

## Overwhelming support by chiefs against terrorism

Rhodesian chiefs and headmen overwhelmingly support the Government in the fight against terrorism.

This was the text of a statement issued by the Council of Chiefs after the President of the Council, Senator Chief J. S. Chirau, and the Vice-President, Senator Chief Kayisa Ndiweni, had spent a month in countrywide consultations with more than 1 000 chiefs.

Senator Chief Chirau urged all tribesmen to report immediately to the Security Forces the presence of any terrorists in their areas.

Commenting on the creation of political organizations within the African communities, Senator Chief Chirau said: "The people are in full support of the Council of Chiefs. They don't like political parties."

Senator Chief Kayisa Ndiweni, speaking on European and African victims of terrorism, said that the chiefs, headmen, kraal heads and the people were very sorry for what had happened.

"The people are in full support of the African chiefs in this country. The chiefs are the traditional leaders of the country and they are still in office.

## R.\$500 000 winery

African Distillers Ltd., has made a determined effort to improve the quality of all its wine products and to extend the range since the new winery at Stapleford went into production at the start of this year.

The company has broadened its interests by producing a good quality, unfortified orange wine, Golden Honey, and it plans to increase its sherry range to include a medium cream sherry. Presently being launched on the Rhodesian market is a rose sparkling wine and a white wine called Sonnet.

When the new R.\$500 000 potable complex is completed in the middle of next year, the whole of the company's operations will be centralized at Stapleford, including the vinegar plant and the industrial spirits plant which now operate in Salisbury.



## Mobile canteens from South Africa are gift to B.S.A. Police



The picture shows one of three massive steel mobile canteens valued at R.\$54 000 which have been presented to the B.S.A. Police. They provide the latest expression of goodwill from the people of South Africa. The gift was organized by the Southern Cross under the presidency of Mrs. E. Albrecht. The three units were donated respectively by the Germiston and Pretoria branches of the Southern Cross and the S.A. Prisons Service.

Many prominent South Africans who are members of Southern Cross travelled up from Pretoria in the convoy of canteens and caravans which passed through several Rhodesian towns on the journey to Salisbury.

Accepting the vehicles on behalf of Rhodesia in Pretoria's historic Church Square, Air Vice-Marshal Harold Hawkins said the gift would be put to good purpose in Rhodesia's fight against terrorism; in expressing the country's thanks he stressed that the beneficiaries, wherever the canteens travelled, would see the relevant plaques on the sides of the vehicles and would be deeply appreciative.

Addressing the large gathering in Pretoria, Mrs. E. Albrecht declared: "This is an historic moment. For the first time we have done something tangible for Rhodesia. We do not count our gratitude to Rhodesia in money or goods, but I hope this convoy will show how we feel about the men fighting on the border. We hope these canteens will make life a little easier for the boys there and with all our hearts we say thank you to them."

## Quake specialist on University Council

A specialist in earthquakes has just been elected to the University Council. He is Dr. Teddy Zengeni, a down-to-earth scientist with an ear to the ground.

Dr. Zengeni (31), a Rhodesian African born at Bonda near Inyanga, is a geophysicist and teaches physics at the university where he gained his B.Sc.

He then went to Stanford University in California where he studied for his Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy degrees.

### Unique experiment

He and the head of the Department of Physics, Prof. R. W. H. Stevenson are presently engaged on a unique experiment concerning measurements of the upper mantle of the earth, way down below the crust.

The experiment in which international scientists will take part has been initiated by the South African Council for Scientific and Industrial Research.

It will be the deepest electrical

## Another medal for Olympic team

Members of the Rhodesian Olympic team which was prevented from participation at the Munich Games will each receive a silver medal from a member of the British right-wing Monday Club. The medals are engraved "1972 Olympics" on the front and on the reverse is the inscription "A true athlete from an English friend".

The Secretary-General of the National Olympic Committee of Rhodesia, Mr. Ossie Plaskitt, when in London on leave received the medals from Mr. R. J. L. Hughes at the Monday Club.

These are the second medals to be presented to the Rhodesians, the first having come from the Australian Society of Friends of Rhodesia.

sounding of its kind ever undertaken, penetrating 100 km and more below the earth's surface.

Dr. Zengeni is the first African to be elected to the University Council—the university's governing body—from within the university. There are two "outsiders" who are Africans, the Rev. A. M. Ndhlela, a Methodist minister, and Mr. D. M. K. Sagonda, principal of Nyadzima College.

"It is a challenge to go on the council, for usually only senior faculty members are elected. It is an honour for a junior member of the academic staff to serve," said.

**Rhodesia and U.K.:** A Rhodesian company is to take part in a scheme to sponsor two research fellowships in anaesthesia in Britain. Rhodox and other medical companies of the British Oxygen Group are offering the fellowships to anaesthetists from all parts of the world.

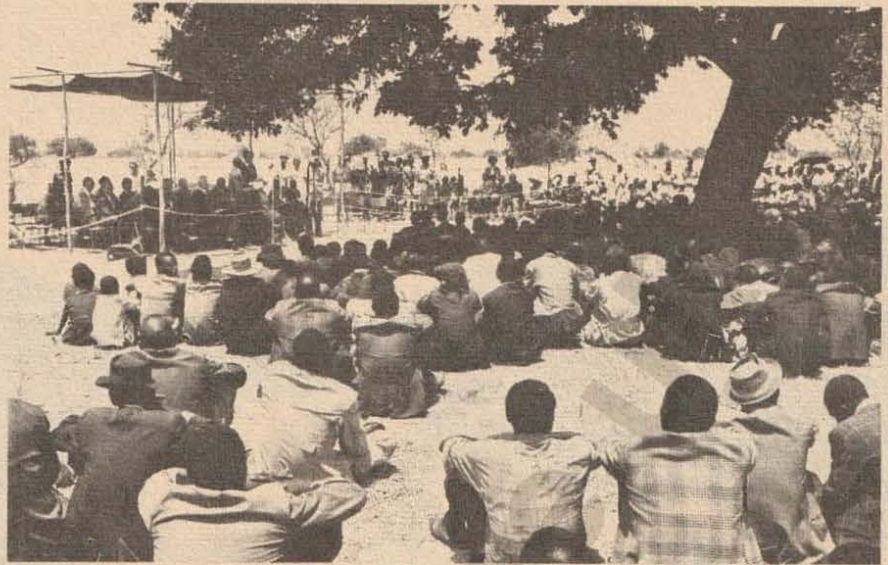


## Solemnity and joyousness

The installation of a chief is a solemn occasion followed by an exhibition of joyousness among the people.

The picture on the right shows hundreds of the new chief's followers sitting decorously round the ceremonial shelter where the Minister of Information, Immigration and Tourism, Mr. Pieter van der Byl, told Chief Mashayamombe: "It is always important to remember that you are no longer just the head of your own family, but that you are also the father of all your people."

The installation was highlighted by a fly-past by the Air Force, bringing recognition from all Rhodesians.



The picture below shows how the chief's people welcomed him in true African custom with songs and dancing. This was followed by a beer drink and feasting.



## Farm crops main source of food

Synthetic sources of food would help increasingly but would not supplant modernized agriculture.

Speaking on holism, agriculture and natural resources as the subject of his inaugural public lecture at the University, Professor John de Villiers, head of the Department of Agriculture, said there was no global solution to the population problem that would avert the results of a food crisis.

### Rushing headlong

Man appeared to be hell-bent on self-destruction, rushing headlong towards what was called the food-population collision.

The condition of more than two-thirds of the human race was deteriorating; the limit to growth was not energy, pollution and living space, but food; the times of famine had arrived — sporadic, regional and selective famine, which was occurring in the midst of plenty.

He said the scale severity and duration of the world food problem were so great that a massive, long-range effort, unprecedented in human history, would be required to master it.

The bulk of the increase in food supply must come from increased production of conventional farm crops. This was the simple, unromantic fact of the matter.

And scientific agriculture with its technology had to occupy a centre position on the stage. The focus on agriculture was increasing. The usable part of the earth's land surface was reserved for agriculture.

## Record wheat crop—during drought

Despite one of the worst droughts in the country's history, the farmers of the Middle Sabi area have managed to produce, under irrigation, their best wheat crop ever, worth about R.\$1.5 million.

This was made possible by close co-operation between a number of organizations.

First, the Sabi/Limpopo Authority decided that it was in the country's interests to grow as much wheat as possible. So a meeting was held involving the Ministries of

Agriculture, Water Development and Internal Affairs, at which Chisumbanje Development agreed to waive their water rights on the Sabi River.

After careful calculation, it was decided to risk planting about 5 000 hectares of wheat, despite the possibility that the crop could fail.

The result of the project was the recent delivery to the Grain Marketing Board of a staggering total of 240 000 bags — an average of 45 bags a hectare.





## Population growth is at eleventh hour

"It still does not seem to be realized that we are now at the eleventh hour on the exponential curve of population growth and the use and misuse of irreplaceable natural resources," said the chairman of the Salisbury branch of the Rhodesia Natural Resources Society, Mr. Bill Henkel, at the annual meeting.

The outlook was grim and action had to be taken now to avoid catastrophe.

If the co-operation of the educated African was to be obtained on family planning, the country's immigration policy must be made more selective "so that we allow in only those with skills or professions which are in short supply and those with capital to invest."

The Government should introduce tax inducements to persuade people that small families paid.

There also had to be a massive education campaign for young and old, with special courses for teachers.

"If we have any faith in ourselves and in the purposes of a divine being, we must all, whatever our race or creed, do our utmost to stave off the impending disaster.

"The Prime Minister has spoken of the necessity of taking the African along with us, and this must certainly apply in dealing with this threat to our environment from the population explosion."

Mr. Henkel said that as next year was World Population Year it would be appropriate for the society to make population its theme for that year.

He called for a "cent-a-pill" campaign in which collections could be made in African and white schools.

## To control abortion

A draft Termination of Pregnancies Bill is ready for presentation to the Government "in due course", said the Minister of Health, Mr. Ian McLean, in an interview.

He had concluded some time ago that legislation was necessary to control abortions and had asked the Public Health Advisory Board to investigate and make recommendations.

His draft legislation was prepared after studying the Board's report.

*"The austere hills  
will still remain"*

*When we presumptuous folks have  
vanished*

*Through bombs, pollution, projects  
vain*

*To oblivion firmly banished*

*The austere hills will still remain.*

This verse aptly describes the hills of the vast granite area of Matopos near Bulawayo. In the picture they are reflected on the placid surface of one of the lakes abounding there.

The verse, from Matopos Musings, is by W. W. Speid who has been a notable contributor to newspapers and periodicals of poetry grave and gay, and sometimes gently mischievous, over many years. The poem appears in Musings at Eighty published by Kingstons Ltd., Salisbury. His previous works were Matabeleland Musings and More Musings.

**Heavy demands** for farm machinery are expected within the next 12 months. This is the view of local machinery manufacturers and the Rhodesia National Farmers' Union.

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